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Get Permanent Results by Using

American Lilies and Trilliums

For Woodlands, Rhododendron Beds and Garden Borders

Our native Lilies are the most useful for real permanence. Many exotic species grow weak and die out after a few seasons.

For shrubberies and herbaceous borders, and especially for the Rhododendron bed and the open edge of the woodlands, the native species and

some exotics are unexcelled, grow stronger year by year, and produce

gorgeous effects.

For best results, plant in September or October, 4 to 5 inches deep, in rich Ioam. Lilium gravi and L. canadense will stand considerable moisture. The finest show is made by planting five to ten bulbs a few inches apart in a clump, the clumps 2 to 4 feet apart, according to conditions, hundreds or thousands of bulbs often being none

too many to use. L. superbum is a tall species, often reaching 6 to 8 feet: L. canadense comes next, and L. gravi from 1½ to 3 feet; so judgment should be used in placing. Lilies enjoy rich

soil, well drained; and partial shade is desirable.

Many bulbs can be supplied only in autumn-some like Liliums and Trilliums may be planted in the spring, if early.

Prices quoted packed ready for shipment at my Highlands Nursery, Pineola, North Carolina, or Boxford Nursery, Boxford, Mass.

First-size bulbs are selected and large. Second-size are mostly blooming sizes. Always address

HARLAN P. KELSEY, Owner SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS

HIGHLANDS NURSERY in the high Carolina mountains, and BOXFORD NURSERY Boxford, Massachusetts



Lilium carolinianum. The only eastern species with sweet-scented flowers

LILIES

All Lilies are native species, except those marked with an asterisk (*)

All Lilies are na	tive species, except those marked with an asterish	c (*)
flowers, wh yellow, and	Gold-banded Lily. 2 to 4 ft. Large 10 100 ite, more or less marked with bands of d purple spots. Plant among Rhodorother shrubs. Of easy culture, but dies	1,000
out in time	and must be replaced. 8–9 in \$1 50 \$12 00 n))
bolanderi. 1 t	to 3 ft. Very rare. Deep crimson-red outed purple, bell-shaped. Give rich, and good drainage	
-		,
	Vild Yellow Lily. 2 to 5 ft. Yellow or nally spotted with brown. July. Very persistent, becoming permanently established. Loves deep, rich soil and shade, but	
	stands open sun well.	
	2nd size	
Lilium carolinianum	1st size) 60 00
1	though subject to disease 1 25 10 00	80 00
	carolinianum. Carolina Lily. 1 to 3 ft. Rare species of recurved type. Flowers orange, very fragrant. One to three on a stem. Stands dry conditions well.	
1	2nd size	
Lilium canadense	1st size)
	2nd size)
	1st size 3 50 25 00)
Lilium grayi	grayi. 1½ to 3 ft. Introduced by me in 1888, it has proved the leader in the bell- shaped type of hardy Lilies. Dark red - brown petals, beautifully spotted. An ex- quisite species and very rare.	i.
Lilium philadelphicum	Bulbs are never large. 2nd size	
Linum philadelphicum	1st size	80 00

KELSEY'S AMERICAN LILIES AND TRILLIUMS

LILIES, continued

*Lilium hansoni (maculatum). 3 to 4 ft. Japanese species; very hardy. Flowers in loose racemes. Bright orange, strongly marked with purple spots	10	100	1,000
on lower half	57 00	\$60 00	
puberulum (humboldti). 4 to 6 ft. Stout stems; large, orange-red flowers, finely spotted. Should	2 00	40.00	0.1.0
have very rich soil. 7–8 in	3 50	25 00	\$140 00 180 00
9–11 in		40 00	
pink flowers. Revolute type; very fragrant maritimum. 1 to 2 ft. Dark red, funnel-shaped flowers. Give moist, boggy situation			
pardalinum. 3 to 6 ft. Very 10 100 1,000	0 00	40 00	
leafy stems. Very showy flowers; orange centers and crimson tips. A bog variety, but thrives if kept well mulched. Single eyes\$1 25 \$10 00 Heavy		1	giet .
parryi. Slender, leafy stem, 3 to 5 ft. high. One of the few yellow-flowered varieties; trumpet-shaped; very fragrant. A very difficult species to grow, and must have moist lo- cation to thrive. Medium 6 00 40 00 Large		lium pube	
parviflorum. Small variety. Very similar to <i>L. parda-linum</i> , but flowering much earlier			
parvum. Small bog Lily, 3 to 4 ft. high; small, bell- shaped flowers, orange with crimson tips. Should have cool bog conditions	Lil	lium supe	rbum
to thrive well. Medium. 3 50 25 00 Large 6 00 40 00		A	
philadelphicum. 1 to 2 ft. Terminal, upright flowers are bright red with dark spots near center. Stands sunny, dry situations better perhaps than any other Lily	Liliu	ım washir	ngtoni- reum

HARLAN P. KELSEY, OWNER, SALEM, MASS.



Lilium candidum

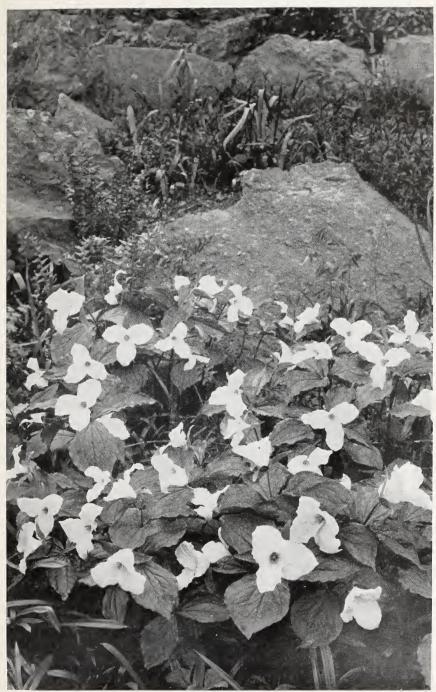


Lilium hansoni



LILIES, continued

	LILIES, COULI	u	eu				
*	Lilium rubescens. 3 to 5 ft. Tubular, very fragrant flowers, white, dotted	10)	100		1,000)
	purple, changing later to deep purple. Re-						
	quires rich soil and perfect drainage\$	6	5 0	\$45	00		
	*speciosum album. 2 to 4 ft. All the varieties of						
Lilium candidum	L. speciosum are good for Rhododendron or shrub borders if planted						
New	near the edge. Bloom-	2	00	10	00	\$160	00
	ing up to frost. 8–9 in. 9–11 in	3	50	25	00	220	00
350	*speciosum melpomene. Fiery red variety; very						
	floriferous. 8–9 in 9–11 in	1 2	50 00	12 16	00	100 140	00
	*speciosum rubrum. Dark						
	purplish red flowers.						
Lilium hansoni	Probably the best va-						
	riety for the ordinary						
	garden, 8-9 in	1	50	12	00	100	00
A STATE OF THE STA	9–11 in					140	
	superbum. Turk's - Cap						
	Lily. 3 to 6 ft. No de-						
	scription will do justice						
	to this magnificent						
	American Lily. Golden,						
34	recurved petals, flow-						
	ering in perfect pyra-						
Lilium tenuifolium	mids, often forty on a						
	single stalk. A clump						
	plaze of scarlet and gold. 3rd size		40		00	18	
			75	_	00	30	
		1	00	8	00	60	00
	perian Coral Lily. 1 to 2 ft. Flowers						
	her short raceme, nodding, rich scar-		7.0	4.0	00	400	00
	I in ordinary garden soil	1	5 0	12	00	100	00
	Lily. 2 to 5 ft. An old-fashioned va-						
	easy culture. Flowers 3 to 10, nod-						
	ed, thickly spotted with bright pur-	1	00	0	00	60	00
plish spots. (Ordinary garden soil	1	00	0	00	60	
tigrinum npl.	Double form of L. tigrinum	1	UU	0	UU	00	00
	15 to 25 flowers of white to rich						
	one of the finest Pacific Coast species,						
	re if given good, rich soil. 6–8 in	2	50	20	00		
	given good, fich son. 0-6 m						
				40			
<i>y</i> 11 III.							



Trillium grandiflorum



Trillium sessile californicum



Trillium erectum



Sanguinaria canadensis

TRILLIUMS

For edges or under-woods planting, nothing equals the Trilliums. They must be planted in large quantities for showiest effects, though a single strong clump of, say, twenty-five to fifty bulbs in a garden or border is a wonderfully beautiful thing, and permanent. Brilliant scarlet fruit-pods succeed the showy flowers. TRILLIUM cernuum. 12 to 15 in. Nodding white flow- 10 100 1,000

ers; not very showy	00	\$8 00	1,000
erectum. Erect Wake Robin. 8 to 16 in. Large; red	00	ψ0 00	
fruit; very ornamental; brown-purple, often green-			
ish. April and May. 2nd size	40	3 00	\$18 00
1st size	75	5 00	30 00
	00	8 00	30 00
grandiflorum. Large-flowered Wake Robin. 8 to 18 in.	00	0 00	
The finest and largest species. Flowers 2 to 3			
inches across, in April and May. One of our best			
early spring flowers. White, turning rose-color or			
marked with green. 2nd size	30	1 50	12 00
	60	3 50	20 00
1st size		8 00	20 00
	00	8 00	
ovatum. From the Pacific Coast, much resembling T.	75	E 00	20.00
grandiflorum	75	5 00	30 00
recurvatum. 12 to 15 in. Strong growing, erect. Dark	75	C 00	50.00
purple flowers	75	6 00	50 00
sessile californicum. 12 in. Very large leaves. Flow-		6 00	50.00
ers pure white and fragrant	75	6 00	50 00
sessile, Snow Queen. Same, with broader petals.		6.00	=0.00
White flowers with creamy centers	75	6 00	50 00
sessile rubrum. Same, with narrow petals. Deep red-			= 0.00
dish purple	75	6 00	50 00
stylosum. Nodding Trillium. 1 to 1½ ft. Our rarest			
mountain species. April and May. Large, wavy			
petals of beautiful pink. 2nd size	60	4 00	30 00
1st size	75	6 00	40 00
undulatum (erythrocarpum). Painted Wake Robin.			
8 in. Earliest, blooming in April. Showy flowers			• • • • •
and fruit. White, with purple stripes. 2nd size	60	4 00	30 00
1st size	75	6 00	40 00
SANGUINARIA · Bloodroot			
SANGUINARIA canadensis. One of the most dainty and			
exquisite of our early spring flowers. Give it rich,			
deep moist loam and partially shady situation and	75	6 00	36 00
you will be well repaid. Strong roots		0 00	30 00
(Sanguinaria is shipped entirely at consignee's risk.)	,		
6			







Erythronium grandiflorum



Dodecatheon

ERYTHRONIUM · Dog's-Tooth Violet

These small, bulbous plants are extremely handsome in foliage and flowers but to get best results should be massed in cool, moist woodlands or borders or along streams. They are among the earliest spring flowers, and, with their mottled leaves, make a very fine, early ground-cover in shady locations.

ERYTHRONIUM albidum. Leaves not mottled. Flowers 10 100	0 1,000
white, yellow at base	00
americanum. Bright yellow. Leaves mottled white.	
Common throughout Eastern States	00 \$16 00
californicum. Cream-colored flowers, often 4 to 5 on a	
stem, and richly mottled leaves	00 16 00
citrinum. Light yellow, orange at center, tips becom-	
ing pink	00 35 00
giganteum	00 35 00
hartwegi. Yellow, each flower on a separate stalk 50 2	50 16 00
hendersoni. Flowers light purple with dark centers. 1 00 4	00 35 00
revolutum. Pink flowers, becoming purple 1 00 4	00 35 00

DODECATHEON · Shooting Star; American Cowslip

These are among the most charming of all our early wild flowers. The species offered below are easily grown in borders where they are subject to considerable drought after blooming.

DODECATHEON clevelandi. Tall-growing form, with pure white 10	100
or delicate pink flowers\$1 00	\$6 00
hendersoni. Another of the best species with red flowers 1 00	6 00
media 1 00	6 00

CYPRIPEDIUMS

CYPRIPEDIUM reginæ (spectabile). The handsomest of all our hardy terrestrial orchids. The broadly ovate sepals and petals are pure white, while the large and inflated pouch is a beautiful, soft rose-color. (To insure delivery, orders must 20 00 50.00 80 00

CYPRIPEDIUMS, IRIS, FERNS, Etc., in large variety. Prices on application.

J. HORACE McFarland Company, Horticultural Printers, Harrisburg, Pa.



A Remarkable Carolina Mountain Plant

Stenanthium robustum

(Mountain Feather Fleece)

	1	10	100
Size 1, heaviest	. \$3	00	\$20 00
Size 2, medium	. 1	50	10 00
Size 3	1	00	8 00



A Single Panicle and Mass of Stenanthium from Photos Taken at Highlands Nursery

This remarkable hardy perennial is, without doubt, one of our best new introductions, and may be classed with the showiest of all herbaceous plants. As the buds begin to unfold in early August they are quite upright and of a light green tinge, gradually becoming whiter until at last they burst forth into a veritable snowbank of drooping, fleecy bloom of purest white, the panicles often 2 to 3 feet long. In September, the flowers, as they ripen, turn to shades of pink and purple. It is a vigorous perennial, attaining a height of from 5 to 8 feet when well established, and is absolutely hardy throughout the United States and Canada.

The Mountain Feather Fleece makes a wonderful show equaled by few plants of any description. Give rich soil and fairly moist location, near a stream or pond if possible.

The illustration gives some idea of the wonderful effect of Stenanthium when in full bloom, but inadequately conveys the beauty of the delicate, feathered, drooping flowers. When known it will be planted by thousands.

Highlands Nursery, 100 acres, 3,800 feet elevation in the Carolina mountains, and Boxford Nursery, Boxford, Mass. "The Home of Hardy Native Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Kalmias, and Rare Carolina Mountain Flowers."

Address

HARLAN P. KELSEY, Owner SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS

Send for "How to Grow Rhododendrons Successfully"